

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

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BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1913

Price Two Cents

FIVE PERISH ON ANTARCTIC TRIP

Captain Scott and Four Other Explorers Are Dead.

CAUGHT IN SEVERE BLIZZARD

Royal Geographical Society at London Sadly Hears News of Disaster to Party Which Had Successfully Attained the South Pole and Lost Their Lives on the Return Journey.

London, Feb. 11.—At a meeting of the Royal Geographical society announcement was made of the disaster which overtook Captain R. F. Scott's Antarctic expedition, resulting in the death of Captain Scott, Dr. E. A. Wilson, Lieutenant H. R. Bowers, Captain L. E. G. Oates and Petty Officer E. Evans.

A message of sympathy to the Geographical society from the king was read, in which his majesty said:

"I am deeply grieved to hear the very bad news you give me of the loss of Captain Scott and four of his party, just when we were hoping shortly to welcome them home on their return from their great, arduous undertaking. I heartily sympathize with the Royal Geographical society in the loss to science and discovery through the death of these gallant explorers."

The message from the king was in reply to a notification of the tidings from the Antarctic transmitted to his majesty by Lord Curzon of Kedleston, president of the society.

The regular program of the meeting was abandoned and members of the society listened sadly to tributes to the explorers. After giving what details he had received Vice President Freshfield reviewed the plans of the expedition.

Party Splendidly Equipped.

"No party ever set out better equipped or better fitted by gallantry and experience than its members, from Captain Scott down, to meet the ordinary perils of the poles," he said, "but Antarctic travel would not be what it is—a training ground for the highest qualities of the British race—if these perils could be avoided."

After an expression of sympathy for Mrs. Scott he concluded:

"All that we can say to these brave men is farewell. They are a band of heroes whose names will shine as an example of that endurance which is the highest form of courage."

Members of parliament and high officials of the navy department, including the first lord of the admiralty, Winston Spencer Churchill, pay high tributes to the explorers in interviews in the morning papers, which also contain eulogistic editorials about members of the expedition.

SCOTT REACHED THE POLE

Exploring Party Arrived There on Jan. 18, 1912.

London, Feb. 11.—News reached the world that Captain Robert F. Scott, the Antarctic explorer, and four of his companions perished in the Antarctic while on their return from the South pole.

They reached their goal Jan. 18, 1912, about a month after Captain Roald Amundsen, the Norwegian, had planted the flag of his country there. They then turned back toward the base they had formed on their outward journey, but were overwhelmed by a blizzard.

The news of the death of the explorers was brought to civilization by the captain of the Terra Nova, the vessel which had taken Scott's expedition to the south and had gone again to fetch them back after the accomplishment of their task.

LACK OF FOOD REAL CAUSE

Opinion of Former Lieutenant of Captain Scott.

Liverpool, Feb. 11.—Dr. Louis Charles Bernacchi, who was with Captain Scott in the Discovery Antarctic expedition, said regarding the death of his chief:

"It is improbable that a blizzard was the real cause of the disaster to Scott's expedition. It seems probable that Captain Scott, in his endeavor to reach the pole before Amundsen, cut things too fine in the matter of food. My opinion is that the party died from starvation, but that the blizzard proved the crowning catastrophe."

Julia Sanderson Granted Divorce.

New York, Feb. 11.—A divorce from James T. (Tod) Sloan, the former jockey, was obtained by Julia Sanderson, the actress. The couple married secretly in Sloan's apartments here in 1907, when the bride was seventeen years old. Sloan is believed to be in Paris.

Gets Thirty Years for Murder.

Devils Lake, N. D., Feb. 11.—Thirty years in the North Dakota penitentiary was the sentence given Tom Taggart, found guilty of murder in the second degree. First denying that he killed Dick Heberly, Taggart afterwards admitted the shooting, but pleaded self-defense.

TAFT MAY VETO LIQUOR MEASURE

Senate Passes Bill Restricting Whisky Shipments.

DEMOCRATS SEEM WORRIED

Incoming Administration Anxious to Have Question Disposed of Before Assuming Power—President Said to Believe Measure is Unconstitutional and Will Probably Disapprove It for That Reason.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The senate by a viva voce vote passed the Webb liquor bill, already passed by the house, as a substitute for the Kenyon-Sheppard bill.

The report that President Taft will veto the bill, which prohibits the shipment in interstate commerce of whisky intended for sale in "dry" territory, created a stir among Democratic senators and representatives.

The bill passed the house Saturday by an overwhelming nonpartisan vote. The bill was considered in the house under a special rule as the result of a general understanding among Democrats that it was the desire of President-elect Wilson to have the liquor question settled and out of the way before he assumed office.

Governor Wilson, it is said, recognizes that the interstate liquor bill, as the legislation is called, is "loaded at both ends," and he hoped to get it out of the way in order that neither he nor the Democratic administration under him would be embarrassed by its consideration.

The report that President Taft will veto the bill is accepted generally as being correct and the Democrats are worried because they fear that it will be impossible to pass the bill over the president's veto. This means, of course, that the question will be revived and injected into the Wilson administration.

It is believed that two-thirds of the house will vote to override the president's veto, but there is small chance that the sentiment in the senate is strong enough to accomplish this end.

Believes Bill Unconstitutional.

The president will veto the bill on constitutional grounds, it is understood. He is said to share the belief of Senators Root and Sutherland that the bill unquestionably is unconstitutional and that its passage by congress simply shifts the burden of responsibility for its final defeat from the shoulders of politicians to the supreme court.

The substitution of the Webb bill for the Kenyon-Sheppard bill came at the close of prolonged debate.

Senator Sheppard had failed to get unanimous consent for the substitution of the Webb bill for the bill of which he was a joint author. Senator Kenyon, co-author of the senate bill, closed the debate by asking that the Webb bill be substituted, as the order of the day did not permit the voting on the Webb bill as an independent measure.

The voting was first upon the perfection of the Kenyon-Sheppard bill. By a vote of 61 to 23 the senate agreed to the committee amendment adding a section to the bill which provided in terms that intoxicating liquors should become subject to state laws upon crossing state boundaries.

Senator Hitchcock's amendment to exempt liquor intended for personal use was defeated without a roll call and one by Senator O'Gorman excepting liquor intended for personal and for sacramental use was likewise defeated, 31 to 50. Senator Kenyon succeeded in having his measure amended to become operative July 1, 1913. Thereupon Senator Gallinger asked for the substitution of the Webb bill for the senate measure.

COURT IMPOSES STIFF FINES

President and Milk Company Sentenced for Breaking Law.

Minneapolis, Feb. 11.—District Judge Charles S. Jolly imposed sentences on President A. R. Ruhnke and the Minneapolis Milk company, convicted of violating the state anti-trust law, fines aggregating \$6,500. Mr. Ruhnke was fined \$3,000, his company \$3,500. The defendants were charged with conspiring with twelve other milk dealers and companies, Sept. 29, to raise the price of milk from 7 to 8 cents a quart, effective Oct. 1, 1912.

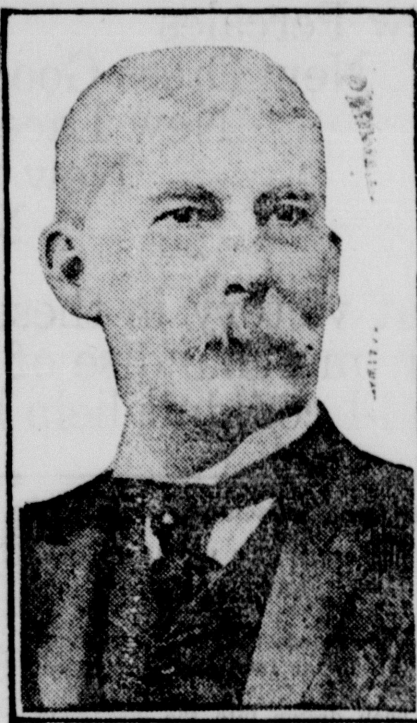
Stay of execution of sentence for thirty days was granted and bail fixed at \$6,000 for Mr. Ruhnke and \$5,000 for the company.

New York to Clean House.

New York, Feb. 11.—Mayor Gaynor authorized the greatest spring house cleaning ever undertaken by an American city. The plan was suggested by Health Commissioner Leerdie. All city departments will operate to remove rubbish and dirt, clean cellars, roofs, yards, vacant lots, catch basins and all streets.

HENRY M. FLAGLER.

Said to Be Critically Ill at St. Augustine, Fla.



FLAGLER IS CRITICALLY ILL

Owner of Florida East Coast Railroad Reported in Grave Condition.

St. Augustine, Fla., Feb. 11.—Henry M. Flagler, virtual owner of the Florida East Coast railway, is said to be critically ill here. His friends decline to affirm or deny the reports.

AMERICAN WARSHIPS ORDERED TO MEXICO

Four Naval Vessels Will Protect Foreigners.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The revolutionary uprising in the City of Mexico completely absorbed the attention of President Taft and the state, war and navy departments and at the end of a series of conferences it was determined that all this government could do was to send a sufficient naval force to Mexican waters to afford refuge for foreigners and to report upon conditions as they develop.

In accordance with this decision Secretary Meyer ordered the armored cruiser Colorado, now at San Diego, to proceed at once to the Mexican port of Mazatlan. Another vessel of the Pacific fleet, probably the armored cruiser South Dakota, also at San Diego, will be dispatched to Acapulco, on the west coast of Mexico, to take up a post to be vacated by the gunboat Denver, which was ordered to Central America.

It also was decided to send two battleships to the gulf coast of Mexico. Admiral Badger was cabled to pick out two ships and to send one to Vera Cruz and another to Tampico.

MADERO FEELS CONFIDENT

Believes Mexican Government Will Crush Revolt.

Mexico City, Feb. 11.—President Francisco Madero is back in the national palace and Senora Madero is in Chapultepec castle. The president's brief disappearance from the palace caused a rumor that he had taken to flight, but it appears that he was absent only a short time and since then has been spending his time in conferring with General Huerta, Ernesto Madero, the minister of finance, and other ministers.

Madero is confident that the government will triumph and his conversation is characterized by a happy smile and optimistic allusions. He considers that the public is with the administration and looks forward to developments as the final act in what he regards as another foolhardy attempt of General Porfirio Diaz nephew to place the family name at the head of Mexico's official list.

POLITICAL RIOTS AT TOKIO

Six Japanese Are Killed and Sixty-five Injured.

Tokio, Feb. 11.—Six persons were killed and sixty-five seriously injured in political rioting here. The situation is serious.

Mobs attacked the offices of the bureaucratic newspapers and threatened the dwellings of the ministers. They burned and wrecked police stations, trams and private buildings.

Detachments of troops patrol the streets. Each newspaper office is protected by fifty soldiers, to whom ball cartridges have been served. They have their bayonets fixed for instant use.

The minister of the imperial household announces that martial law will be proclaimed if there are any further attempts at incendiarism.

KAISER'S DAUGHTER TO WED

Will Become Bride of Son of the Duke of Cumberland.

Berlin, Feb. 11.—The official Reichsanzeiger, in an extra edition announced the engagement of Princess Victoria Luise, daughter of the German emperor, and Prince Ernst August, son of the Duke of Cumberland. The marriage is expected to result in a reconciliation between the royal houses of Hohenzollern and Cumberland.

TARIFF DELAYS EXTRA SESSION

Plan to Hold It In Middle of March Thwarted.

USE SEPARATE SCHEDULES

By Having Different Bills on Subject Congress Is Enabled to Deal With Tariff More Quickly and to Better Results—Members Wish to Know if Limit on Laws Is Set.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—Congress will meet in extra session on March 31 or April 7, according to the information of those who have consulted with Governor Wilson. It has been said that the president elect was urged to call the session by the middle of March for the convenience of members of congress who would come to the inauguration and who would not wish to return to their homes, but it has been found impossible to get the tariff bills ready for that date.

It is the desire of the members of the committee on ways and means to have all the bills prepared before the session meets, as all members will be actively engaged in the house in the consideration of the different measures as soon as they are presented.

Separate Bills.

It has been concluded that better results will be attained by having separate bills on tariff details, and several members think that more progress will be made thus, as the senate will be given an opportunity to begin consideration of the tariff within a few weeks after the session has been called. Heretofore the senate has waited for months before the house sent the tariff bill to them, and the house waited for several months for the bill to be returned. By separate schedules it is asserted that much more progress can be attained.

How About a Limit?

Members of congress are very curious to know whether any limit is to be placed upon the legislative program. So far Governor Wilson has not determined that subject. Of course congress could itself settle that question, for there is nothing to prevent congress from going ahead with anything in the way of legislation it desires. President Taft wanted the special session two years ago confined to the Canadian reciprocity, but the house went ahead and put through quite a number of tariff bills. But President Wilson will have much more influence with the Sixty-third congress than President Taft had with the Sixty-second congress.

Large Crop of "Exes."

With the aid of death and resignations, the assistance of governors and state legislatures, the senate is making a lot of "ex"-senators these days. In the case of deaths and resignations the governor makes an appointment; then comes the legislature and elects a man for the short term and still another man for the long term. But a few days in the senate give the man the privilege of the floor ever after. "And that is about all any of us gets out of it," was the remark of Don Cameron after he had been eighteen years in the senate.

Master of Detail.

"Jim Mann is the greatest master of detail I ever knew," remarked Champ Clark. "He must have several very experienced clerks, besides being a very hard student. He has on his desk every morning every resolution, bill or document that is to come before the house, and each is carefully annotated, with the authorities looked up and ready at hand to sustain any contention he has to make."

"He knows all the time everything that is going on everywhere, besides being one of the best parliamentarians in the house. Consequently he is into everything and informed about everything. That is why he is so frequently on the floor and in the record."

Best Looking Senator.

The women have voted Senator Gilbert M. Hitchcock of Nebraska the best looking senator. He has quite a number of rivals, but the women who know vote for Hitchcock. He is also an editor.

The Fear of Dictatorship.

One of the most potent arguments made for limiting a presidential term was that a popular man after election to the high office for three terms would establish himself as a dictator. "The protection of the country," said Senator Lodge, commenting upon this matter, "against a dictatorship or the Caesarism of a perpetual president rests in the character of the people."

"No paper provision can protect us against that. If we ever reach a point where the people want anything of the kind no constitutional provision as to the limit of a presidential term can stand in the way of a revolution to bring it about."

Enough to Go Round.

Making his maiden speech and singing his swan song at the same time, Senator Heiskell of Arkansas paraphrased a remark of Admiral Schley: "There is senatorial glory enough to go around—if you keep it moving fast enough." In his case it was moving rapidly. Arkansas had several senators all in a short space of time.

Radium.

Only about one-third of a grain of radium is produced from a ton of ore.

SENATOR CRAWFORD.

Introduces Bill to Restrict Injunctions.



TO RESTRICT INJUNCTIONS

Senator Crawford Offers Bill for Commission to Rule on Them.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Senator Crawford of South Dakota introduced a bill to restrict the issuance of interlocutory injunctions which suspend the enforcement of a statute of a state.

According to the Crawford bill no injunction would be issued by any court of the United States or by any judge or justice until the application is presented to a justice of the supreme court of the United States or to a circuit or district judge.

The application then would be heard and determined upon by a commission of three justices, one of whom would be a justice of the supreme court. A majority would decide.

BANDITS ATTEMPT TO WRECK SOO TRAIN

Crew Fights Pistol Duel With Two Desperadoes.

St. Paul, Feb. 11.—An attempt was made by two unidentified men in North St. Paul to wreck the Soo passenger train for Chicago and then loot the train's passengers. A switch was turned at the St. Paul Table company's plant on the west edge of the suburb, the train dashed through, struck and nearly demolished a lone box car and derailed one car. The passengers were shaken up, but none was injured.

The train crew fired on the two men, who fled from the scene. Their fire was returned. A running pistol duel lasted for a minute. Then the men escaped.

The town marshal, Charles Kilde, aided by a deputy and a Soo line detective, scoured the surrounding country for the two suspects.

Citizens took up the chase with the train crew, but abandoned it when it was seen the men had effectively eluded them.

DEFENDS HIS ASSISTANTS

Secretary Fisher Says Charges Cover Old Transactions.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Secretary of the Interior Fisher issued a statement in defense of officials of the reclamation service against whom charges of incompetence and maladministration have been made by the house subcommittee on interior department expenditures. The committee requested that congressional inquiry be made into the charges and recommended the removal from office of Samuel H. Adams, assistant secretary of the Interior, and F. H. Newell and L. C. Hill, director and supervising engineer respectively of the reclamation service, during the pendency of such an inquiry.

Secretary Fisher declares some of the accusations refer to old transactions and that there is no evidence to support others.

TROOPS ARRIVE FROM ASIA

Thousands of Turks Pouring Into Constantinople.

London, Feb. 11.—Thousands of fresh troops have been arriving at Constantinople from Asia and in the past few days several troops have departed, but their destination has not been divulged.

There are signs that the porte realizes the hopelessness of the situation and is preparing the way to leave the fate of Turkey in the hands of Europe to obtain the best possible settlement.

Though it is officially denied that Haaka Pasha has been sent on a peace mission to London there is little doubt that that is his object.

Find Man's Body in a Barrel.

Steuenville, O., Feb. 11.—The body of an Italian bearing many knife wounds was found in a barrel on the Ohio river bank here by boys. A furrow around the man's neck indicated that he had been strangled with a cord. A theory involving a recent white slave crusade is being investigated.

SIXTEEN KILLED IN STRIKE RIOTS

RESULT OF FAMILY TROUBLE

Two South Dakotans Dead and Another Badly Wounded.

Watertown, S. D., Feb. 11.—As a climax of long standing family dissension between a father and his stepsons, E. O. Hammond, fifty-one years old, and Clifford Jenkins, aged twenty-five years, were shot dead, and James Jenkins, aged twenty-one, was probably fatally wounded in a fight that occurred in the farm home of Hammond, three miles east of here.

Hammond was killed instantly by a shotgun charge that struck him in the face at close range. Clifford Jenkins was shot in the back and James Jenkins was struck four times by revolver bullets.

Mrs. Hammond, mother of the boys, was an eye witness of the fight. Although bullets flew about her she escaped unhurt.

INDIANS TO LEAD TAMMANY

Band of 250 Will Head Inaugural Marchers.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Tammany Hall's contingent of 1,500 marchers in the inauguration parade March 4 will be headed by 250 real Indians to be brought here from the West, representing twenty-five tribes. Each Indian will be garbed in his distinctive tribal dress.

Recently an intimation was given that Tammany might wish to have as a feature a live tiger, but this was deemed unwise and the Indian feature was substituted.

SAYS HE WAS MISQUOTED

Son of Mrs. Eddy Now Denies He Will Press Contest.

Lead, S. D., Feb. 11.—When told that he had repudiated his agreement to end the litigation in the famous contest over the will of his mother, Mary Baker Eddy, George W. Glover of this city denied that he said he would continue the suit at all hazards and said:

"I was not sure and was waiting for word from the East. If the case is satisfactorily settled I shall do no more. I have instructed my attorneys that it is entirely in their hands. I was misquoted."

WILSON WON'T SEE CASTRO

President Elect Refuses to Grant an Audience to Venezuelan.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 11.—President-elect Wilson has declined to grant an audience to former President Castro of Venezuela, who recently was released by the United States district court in New York from detention as an undesirable alien, pending decision on a writ of habeas corpus. Castro asked that Mr. Wilson see him at the statehouse.

FIFTEEN PASSENGERS HURT

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Fifteen passengers were hurt in a collision between two street cars here. Five of the injured were women.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Duluth Wheat and Flax.
Duluth, Feb. 11.—Wheat—To arrive on track—No. 1 hard, 87¢; No. 1 Northern, 86¢; No. 2 Northern, 84¢; May, 88¢; July, 90¢. Flax—On track and to arrive, 1.36¢; May, 1.38¢; July, 1.40¢.

South St. Paul Live Stock.

South St. Paul, Feb. 11.—Cattle—Steers, \$5.75@8.75; cows and heifers, \$4.00@7.00; calves, \$4.25@9.00; feeders, \$4.00@7.10. Hogs—\$7.60@7.75. Sheep—Lambs, \$4.25@8.00; wethers, \$4.00@5.25; ewes, \$2.25@5.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Wheat—May, 93¢@94¢; July, 91¢@91½¢; Sept., 90¢@90½¢. Corn—May, 53¢; July, 54¢@54½¢; Sept., 55¢@55½¢. Oats—May, 35¢; July, 35½¢; Sept., 35¢. Pork—May, \$19.92; July, \$19.90. Butter—Creameries, 27¢@34¢. Eggs—16¢@22½¢. Poultry—Turkeys, 15¢; chickens, 16¢; springs, 16¢.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Cattle—Beeves, \$6.50@8.90; Texas steers, \$4.90@5.75; Western steers, \$5.60@7.30; stockers and feeders, \$4.75@7.60; cows and heifers, \$3.00@7.40; calves, \$6.50@10.25. Hogs—Light, \$7.80@8.12½¢; mixed, \$7.75@8.10; heavy, \$7.85@8.10; rough, \$7.65@7.80; pigs, \$6.00@7.80. Sheep—Native, \$4.85@6.10; yearlings, \$6.40@7.80; lambs, \$6.90@8.90.

Minneapolis Grain.

Minneapolis, Feb. 11.—Wheat—May, 88¢@88½¢; July, 90¢@90½¢. Cash close on track: No. 1 hard, 88¢; No. 1 Northern, 87¢@87½¢; No. 2 Northern, 85¢@87¢; No. 3 Northern, 83¢@83½¢; No. 3 yellow corn, 45¢@46¢; No. 4 corn, 44¢@45¢; No. 3 white oats, 31½¢@32¢; No. 3 barley, 44¢@58¢; flax, 1.37¢; to arrive, 1.37¢.

No Returns.

Hokus—So she didn't return your love, eh? Pokus—Return my love? Why, she didn't even return my presents.—Town Topics.

Wasted Time.

No boy, when he applies for a job at any business man's place, is asked if he is an expert at playing pool.—Philadelphia Ledger.

West Virginia Guards and Miners Clash.

MILITIA MAINTAINING ORDER

Five Companies of State Soldiers Arrive on the Scene—Several Hundred Strikers and Mine Watchmen Engage in Desperate Battle—Martial Law in Effect With Arrival of the Troops.

Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 11.—Sixteen are dead, including twelve miners and four mine guards, after a desperate battle in the Kanawha county coal fields.

Five companies of state militia have reached the troubled zone.

One of the dead, James Hendrix, a striker, was found on the mountain top overlooking Ronda, W. Va., with a bullet through his body. Hendrix held field glasses in his hand and a rifle was found by his side.

The most serious clash of the mine occurred near Mucklow. Fred W. Lester, in charge of mine guards, sought to head off several hundred strikers attempting to gain a position from which they could fire on the town of Mucklow and avoid the range of machine guns. In this skirmish two of the officers were shot dead. Reinforcements appeared and kept up a constant fire. At every point they were met by strikers and were steadily driven back.

Rioting ceased with the presence of the militia.

All trains of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad into the strike territory are equipped with machine guns.

The gun is screwed at the rear platform of a coach as a precaution against night attacks.

But meager details of the battle have reached the authorities here.

Martial law went into effect with the arrival of the Charleston companies. The territory covers fifteen square miles. It will extend over Cabin and Paint creeks, taking in a section north of the Kanawha river. Portions of Boone, Raleigh, Kanawha and Fayette counties are included.

ADMITS HE'S AUTO BANDIT

Suspect Arrested in Chicago Gives Names of Companions.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Claude Rose, also known as Jack Rose, arrested several days ago, confessed he was a member of the auto bandit gang which, until recently, terrorized Chicago.

He admitted that he was in the car when Policeman Sticken was shot and also that he participated in several other crimes.

He named Robert (Teddy) Webb, James B. Perry and a third man named Jim as his partners.

TEN WOMEN HURT IN CHURCH

Floor Collapses After Funeral Party Leaves.

St. Louis, Feb. 11.—Ten women were hurt here when the floor of the Cabanne Methodist Episcopal church collapsed just after a funeral party had passed out of the building.

The women were plunged through the floor into the basement eight feet below.

Former Governor Lon V. Stephens, who arrived at the church immediately after the accident, assisted in taking the women from the basement.

MOTHER AND SON KILLED

He Evidently Was Stabbed During Terrific Struggle.

Milwaukee, Feb. 11.—Mrs. Genaro Ronzio, aged fifty years, and her son Jeremiah were murdered in their home here.

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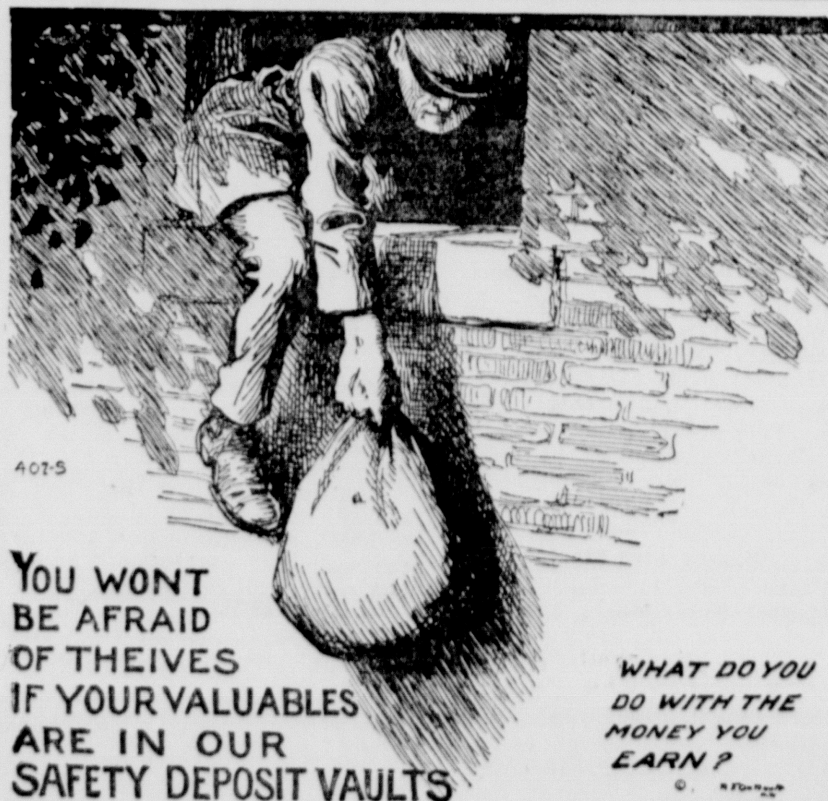
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THE WEATHER
Temperature record taken at Gull lake dam, by caretaker, Arthur L. Nampel.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

Furs and Sweaters at cost at Reiss'.—Adv. 21217
H. A. Holz came from Jenkins this noon.
Howard Olts of Ironton was in the city Monday.

Attorney M. E. Ryan returned from Walker this noon.
Judge W. S. McClenahan is home sick with the gripe.

Dr. J. L. Camp has returned from a business trip to Duluth.
Mrs. George D. LaBar has returned from a visit at St. Paul.
Doctors report a veritable epidemic of the gripe in Brainerd.

Frank Hense, the Aitkin real estate man, was in the city Monday.
C. A. Weyerhaeuser of Little Falls was a Brainerd visitor yesterday.

Ernest LeDue of Duluth is in the city attending to mining matters.
Jacob Korpe, Edward Beck and Gust Hill of Crosby were in Brainerd today.

Miss Ellen Erickson returned this noon from a visit with relatives in Deerwood.

Farm loans for farms by a farmer, R. R. Livingston, Telephone 414-3.—Adv. 173d-1wtf

Monday afternoon a small blizzard raged in Brainerd, but the air quieted down by midnight.

Walker beat Cass Lake at basketball at the Cass Lake high school gymnasium, the score being 32 to 19.

P. A. Gough, of Deerwood, superintendent of the Stowell Exploration company, was a Brainerd visitor today.

The water and light board had a meeting Saturday evening and a small amount of routine business was transacted.

The Ladies Aid of the Peoples church will meet with Mrs. John Anderson, 501 Oak street, N. E., Wednesday afternoon.

Ayer's Hair Vigor
Then you will have a clean and healthy scalp. No more hair loss. No more rough, scraggly hair. Does not color. Ask Your Doctor.
J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Miss Islay M. McColl entertained the six young ladies sewing circle last evening. Refreshments were served by the hostess.

The choir of the Norwegian-Danish Lutheran church will give a Valentine party at Walker hall Friday evening, February 14. All are cordially invited to attend.

Miss Irma Warner who has been visiting her parents, Judge and Mrs. J. H. Warner, returned today to resume her duties as stenographer for a Duluth mining corporation.

The Ladies' Guild of St. Paul's Episcopal church will meet Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. D. C. Peacock, 515 North Fifth street. A large attendance is desired.

County Commissioner J. J. Tucker, of Fort Ripley, has returned from Mayville, Kentucky, where he was called by the serious illness of his father, who has now so far recovered as to permit him to return home.

E. A. Lamb of Deerwood, was in Brainerd last night and in the morning went to St. Paul to appear for the Deerwood Commercial club and exert all possible influence against the passage of the Borge-Frankson tonnage tax bill.

Schmidt's bottle beer, famous for quality. Order a case. Telephone 164. John Coates Liquor Co.—Adv.

Last night did not appear to be a windy night, but enough air gathered in a turbulent wave on the river flats in northeast Brainerd and blew down the smoke stack on the pumping station. The stack has been hoisted back to place. No damage was done to the roof.

Mrs. Bertha Maud Crane, formerly a resident of Brainerd, will give a recital at the Radisson in Minneapolis. The Minneapolis Journal published her picture. Mrs. Crane is noted as a monologue entertainer and her recitations have received much favorable comment.

Rev. A. Zabel, pastor of the Evangelical church, 301 Fourth street, Northeast, will conduct a series of evangelistic meetings from February 11 to 23 beginning at 7:45 P. M. The public is cordially invited to attend these meetings. All services will be in the English language.

John Wahl, of Duluth, Barrows and Manganese, came to Brainerd today and will attend the meeting of the Commercial club this evening. Mr. Wahl wants Brainerd to take some positive action against the tonnage tax bill and have a representative at the legislature to fight the Borge-Frankson bill.

The railway ice house has been filled, the work being done by Hugh Dunleavy of East Grand Forks who had in his employ 12 men for a period of seven days. The ice house has a capacity of 14,000 tons. Teams were used to elevate the cakes. Last year a gasoline engine was used for hoisting. The ice came from Spirit lake, North Dakota, situated near Devils lake.

The Commercial club has a regular meeting this evening. Further action will be taken against the Borge-Frankson tonnage tax bill. It is expected to have I. C. McNair, of Cloquet, present to give his views on the construction of a dam near Boom lake. Various committees will report. The meeting will be of more interest than the ordinary and every member is urged to be present this evening.

E. A. Sivertson of Minneapolis, who travels for the Griggs-Cooper Co. of St. Paul, remarked recently with a tone of sadness in his well modulated voice: "Here I've been making Brainerd 17 years and have never been interviewed in this town. It seems I've got to do something desperate in order to land in the public prints of the day," and then the following remarks were made by Mr. Sivertson: "Our house has the distinction of having a representative on the tea board of the United States, appointed by the treasury department. He is our Mr. C. E. Wyman, head of our tea department, and it is Mr. Wyman's duties to assist in the standardization of teas. It's the first time such an honor has come to a man from the Northwest. Our big candy and cracker factory on the Midway between St. Paul and Minneapolis is the largest in the world. Griggs-Cooper & Co. are certainly going after the business."

A good story is being told on Theodore Free, travelingman for Stone-Ordean-Wells Co., of Duluth. While taking an order at the O'Brien Mercantile Co. store he saw what he supposed was an extraordinary large specimen of grape fruit. Con O'Brien who dearly loves a joke, let it go as grape fruit and Free paid 25 cents for the fruit. Then, while he made the rounds of his customers, he dilated on grape fruit and showed his sample. The grape fruit exhibition and Free's extolling of the remarkable quality and size of the sample he had went all right until he encountered D. A. Peterson. The merchant examined it and said suddenly: "Why man! You haven't got any grape fruit. Somebody peddled you a summer squash. And so it was. During the day Free had a hundred long distance and short distance calls at the hotel asking information about grape fruit but Mr. Free refused to give out any more interviews on this species of fruit preferring rather to talk about lemons.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUINE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

U. S. CIVIL SERVICE EXAMS.
For Departmental Clerk, Teacher
Indian Service and Railway Mail
Clerk to be Held

United States civil service examinations are soon to be held in Brainerd. On February 21 an examination will be held for clerk in the departmental service at Washington, D. C. On February 26 an examination will be held for teacher in the Indian service. The railway mail clerk examination will be held on May 3.

Men and women may apply for the first two positions named. For departmental clerk the applicant must be 18 years or over, a citizen of this country or one who owes it allegiance. From the register of eligibles resulting from this examination certification will be made to fill vacancies as they may occur in this position in the departments and offices at Washington, D. C., at entrance salaries ranging from \$840 to \$900 per annum. Applicants will be examined in stenography, typewriting including copying from rough draft copying and spacing and copying from plain copy, penmanship, report writing, arithmetic, geography and civil government of the United States. Apply for Form 304 and a copy of the manual of examination for the spring of 1913 to the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C. or the secretary of the board of examiners, post office, St. Paul, Minn.

For business teacher in the Indian service the applicant must have reached his or her twenty-fifth but not fortieth birthday on the date of the examination. The position pays \$1,600 per annum and quarters in the Indian school at Carlisle, Pa., and in Haskell institute, Lawrence, Kansas. Difficulty has been experienced in securing sufficient eligibles for this position and all qualified persons are urged to take the examination. Applicants will be examined in method of teaching, commercial law, commercial arithmetic, bookkeeping methods of teaching and practical tests in stenography and typewriting, business practice, as well as a Pitmanic system of shorthand. Apply for Forms 1424 and 1312 to same places as in case of departmental clerk.

Are You a Cold Sufferer?
Take Dr. King's New Discovery. The Best Cough, Cold, Throat and Lung medicine made. Money refunded if it fails to cure you. Do not hesitate—take it at our risk. First dose helps. J. R. Wells, Floydada, Texas, writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery cured my terrible cough and cold. I gained 15 pounds." Buy it at H. P. Dunn's.—Adv. tts

WOULD PUT ROD IN SCHOOL.
Professor Urges Establishment of Regular "Spanking Stations."
Professor Frank M. McMurray of the Teachers' college, Columbia university, believes that spanking in the public schools of New York is a necessary adjunct of education and that the law forbidding corporal punishment in any form is unwise.
Furthermore, he asserts that it is not enforced and cannot be. He thinks the proper course would be to convert some of the city schools at convenient distances apart into what in effect would be spanking schools, presumably in charge of husky teachers. Unruly pupils from all over the city who need the rod could then be transferred to these schools and their cases properly attended to.
Professor McMurray was engaged by the city to investigate certain branches of the public school system. He reported his theories recently.

Neison's Horseshoe.
Neison, the English naval hero, always carried a horseshoe with him into battle.

STOPP SCALP ITCH
Dandruff and Every Form of Scalp Disease Cured Quick by Zemo
It is simply wonderful how Zemo goes after dandruff. You rub a little of it in with tips of the fingers. It gets right down into the glands, stimulates them, stops the itch, and makes the head feel fine. No, it isn't sticky! Zemo is a fine, clear, vanishing liquid. You don't have to even wash your hands after using Zemo. And what a wonder it is for eczema, rash, pimples and all skin afflictions. A 25-cent trial bottle at Johnson's Pharmacy is guaranteed to stop any skin irritation.
Zemo is prepared by E. W. Rose Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., and is regularly sold by druggists at \$1 a bottle. But to prove what it will do at trifling expense, Zemo is now put up in 25-cent trial bottles.—Adv.

"THE BEST VALENTINE OF ALL"
With Parrot Post service you can now have Smith's Chocolate Dreams delivered any place. For years, international society has recognized in Smith's Chocolate Dreams the world's highest standard of delicious hand-made chocolate candies. The ladies know. Ask them. No Valentine will be as acceptable as a box of

George Smith's DOLLAR CHOCOLATE DREAMS
Valentine orders filled now for prompt delivery February 14th. Our service is accommodating, complete and correct.

Johnson's Pharmacy
"The Rexall Store"

Brainerd
Minnesota

Murphy's
THE STORE OF QUALITY

Featuring this Week all New Spring Goods

Do Your Spring Sewing Now

New Gingham
New Embroideries
New Percales
New Dress Goods
New Laces and Embroideries
New things all through the store
New novelties that are Different

Caesar told of a great victory in these words:- "I came, I saw, I conquered." After you inspect our merchandise of quality you'll say to your friends:- "I went, I examined and I couldn't help buying those Pretty Things."

NO PERFECT WOMAN NOW, SAYS ARTIST.
Sir James Linton, president of the Royal Institute of Painters in Water Colors of London, has been drawn into the discussion regarding modern figures as compared with that of the Venus of Milo.
"Modern woman is degenerate," he said. "She may be beautiful, but the mere fact that she follows fashions in dress is enough to prevent her from being perfect. That is why the Venus of Milo is the accepted standard of the ideal. She is perfect in all her proportions, every part being in harmony."

Co-eds' Tooties Awry.
Little feet, big feet, cute feet, well rounded feet, feet that appeared as marble figures, flat feet—in fact, 340 pairs of feet, all the property of the co-eds at the University of Illinois—were examined in an experiment which terminated recently.
Of all the feet only one pair came up to the standard college professors say feet should possess. Poor fitting shoes are alleged to be the cause of the imperfections.

Surprise Your Friends
For four weeks regularly use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They stimulate the liver, improve digestion, remove blood impurities, pimples and eruptions disappear from your face and body and you feel better. Begin at once. Buy at H. P. Dunn's.—Adv.

JEFFRIES QUILTS SMOKING.
Ex-Champion Swears Off Drink Also on \$1,400 Bet.

In Jim Jeffries' saloon recently Barney Oldfield began to banter the ex-champion about his ability to leave off the use of liquor and cigarettes. Jeffries became angry and offered to bet any amount that the automobile racer would cover that he could not only keep from drinking for twelve months, but could drop cigarettes.
By bidding against each other they finally had \$2,800 as the stakes which will go to Jeffries next year at this time if he observes the conditions of the wager. If he does not he will lose his own \$1,400 as well as what Oldfield put up.

Some of the bystanders thought that Jeffries made the bet so that he might be forced to get into condition and thus "come back" as a "white hope," but he laughingly denied this.

Meat Eaters.
Australians and New Zealanders are the greatest meat eaters in the world. The former eat 202 pounds of meat a year each and the latter 212 pounds, while Americans eat 185 pounds and the British only 105 pounds.

WEIGH IN YOUR MIND
the difference between our coal and others before investing your cash. Of course it is burning up money, but you might as well have as much fire as you can for it.

The cleanness of our coal is one good point. Its free burning quality is another. Give us your order and you'll find many more.

JOHN LARSON

Picture and Picture Framing
IS OUR BUSINESS

We have a most complete line of pictures and frames. We do framing that satisfies. Come see us.

LOSEY and DEAN

Hardware Contractors Builders

WHITE BROTHERS
The WHITE Store

Where you always get
WHITE Service

616 Laurel Street
Brainerd

Estimates
Furnished

Satisfaction
Guaranteed

COMMISSION GOVERNMENT

Brainerd Dispatch Commences Today Series of Articles by J. W. Bennett of St. Paul

AN EXPERT IN MUNICIPAL WORK

Prominent Business Man of City Instrumental in Securing the Series for Dispatch

People of Brainerd are anxious to know what the commission form of government is, what it stands for and what it has accomplished in other cities. To satisfy this desire for knowledge, a prominent business man of the city has secured for publication in the Brainerd Dispatch a series of articles on "Commission Form of Government" written by J. W. Bennett of St. Paul, an expert in municipal affairs, who at present is the chairman of the citizens committee in that city and is in the employ of the city to assist in putting into effect St. Paul's new commission government which takes effect April 1.

In his article Mr. Bennett traces the origin of this interesting movement toward better city government. Disaster due to fire and flood was the circumstances leading to commission government in Galveston, Texas, the pioneer city in the revival of this compact plan of city government.

Galveston lay prostrate. Thousands of its citizens had lost their lives. A tidal wave from the ocean had overwhelmed the city, and dragged its substance back into the sea. Ships lay wrecked in the streets. Houses were demolished in the flood. The very streets were torn away. There was no water, no light.

Up to that time Galveston had had a government much like the government of other cities of that section, inefficient, extravagant, to some extent corrupt. It was heavily indebted; there was a large floating debt. Its credit was poor. It was a government incapable of meeting the city's needs even in days of prosperity.

In the face of the great disaster, the government was paralyzed. It simply quit, and the citizens who were left had to create an emergency government and build from the ground up. It was then that they hit upon the commission plan; a plan that promised efficiency at least.

At first the commission was appointed by the governor. Then the legislature sanctioned that form of government and provided three appointive and two elected commissioners. A test after some months operation showed that plan to be in violation of the Texas constitution. The wholly elective commission followed.

As is pretty well known now by everybody, the plan is to place in the hands of a small body of men, in this case five, elected at large from the city, all the functions of city government, legislative and executive. Galveston has five commissioners or councilmen, one of whom is mayor.

This was a little more than ten years ago. The story of Galveston's success with commission government is little short of marvelous. There was plenty of room for improvement. That probably explains some of it: The credit of the city was re-established. Debts were funded or wiped out. A great sea wall was built, so as to insure the city against such disasters in the future. Water was brought in anew. Streets were remade, and some of them actually built up to the high tide level. Schools were rebuilt. In a word the city was set upon its feet and is now one of the most prosperous seaports of the country.

An officer of the St. Paul government who is not especially well inclined toward commission plan characters visited Galveston last winter. He said when he came back that it was one of the cleanest and most attractive cities that he had ever seen.

Because of Galveston's success, Houston, a rival about sixty miles away, adopted the commission plan. The story is much the same. It was a city without credit under the old aldermanic system. Its floating debt was large. This has been taken up while much more money has been spent in improvements. Meanwhile there has been a substantial reduction in the tax rate. The city is being made a more attractive place in which to live.

From Houston the commission plan spread to Des Moines Iowa. Then it was taken up by several western cities like Grand Junction, Colorado, and Berkeley, California. It also spread east and south until now it counts its cities by scores and almost hundreds, and is represented in a majority of the states.

In subsequent articles we shall tell more about this interesting movement toward better city government.

Dr. King's New Discovery

Whothe irritated throat and lungs, stops chronic and hacking cough, relieves tickling throat, tastes nice. Take no other; once used, always used. Buy it at H. P. Dunn's.—Advt.

Old Friends Die at Same Hour

At exactly the same hour one night recently Archibald Little Vail and Abraham Wilcox, old friends and former business men of Middletown, N. Y., died at their homes after years of illness. Each had reached the age of eighty-three. Mr. Wilcox was an officer in the Seventh New York independent battery in the civil war.

WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE CARRIES IN HOUSE

Special to Dispatch: St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 11—Woman's suffrage won in the house today by a vote of 80 to 37. The bill will now go to the senate where a similar bill was defeated two weeks ago.

TO HONOR TWO HEROES

Lincoln and Washington Memorial Program at Whittier School Wednesday Morning

Lincoln and Washington memorial services will be held at the Whittier school Wednesday morning, February 12 at 9:30 and the following comprehensive program will be rendered. Parents are invited and a special invitation is extended members of the G. A. R. and W. R. C. The program is:

GRAMMAR GRADES
State Song School
Patriotic Quotations School
Recitation "Herve Reil" School

Recitation "Lincoln's Birthday" John Downie
Recitation "Independence Bell" Miss Johnson's Room
Recitation "Landing of the Pilgrims" Sidney Buchman
Recitation "Paul Revere" Richard Warner

Recitation "Battle Hymn of the Republic" School
Recitation "Old Ironsides" Dorothy Carmichael
Recitation "American Flag" Arthur Lyndon

Recitation "Lincoln" Hazel Alger
Recitation "Old Glory" Miss Lowey's Room
"Lincoln Song" School

"Star Spangled Banner" School
Recitation "Barbara Frietchie" Ida Reid
"Lincoln's Gettysburg Speech" School

Addresses by Rev. R. E. Cody and members of G. A. R. Post and school board.
"Minnesota" Song by School
Recitation "George Washington" Richard Beale
"Our Country" School

"America" School
Flag Salute School
PRIMARY GRADES

Song "America" School
Flag Salute School
Song "Minnesota" School

Recitation "The Flag is Passing By" Miss Somer's Pupils
Recitation "America" Miss Small's Pupils
Song "Minnesota" Pupils

Dialogue "Defending the Flag" Five Boys
Recitation "George Washington" Eugene Hitea
Recitation "Why We Love Lincoln" Four boys

Song "The Regiment" Miss Somer's Pupils
Composition "Life of Lincoln" John Gemmell
Song "Our Flag Colors" Nine Girls

Recitation "Breathes There a Man" Virginia Casey
Recitation "George Washington" Lois Chadbourne
Recitation "The Flag" Sherwood Hartley
Recitation "Lincoln" Lawrence Eerisson

Dialogue "Lincoln" Nine Girls

Marriages Licenses

February 7—Rudolph S. Erickson and Mabel L. Paulson.
February 11—Olaf Erickson and Bertha Wicks.

Notice

My wife, Ella M. Beck, having left my bed and board, I give notice that I will not be responsible for or pay any debts contracts or incurred by her.

February 11, 1913.
Advt 21312. AUGUST BECK

An Irish Incident.

"Driver," said an English tourist who was being driven on a jaunting car through the Donegal highlands. "I notice that when you speak to your friends whom you meet on the road you invariably do so in Irish, but when you address your horse you do so in English. How is this?" To which came the retort: "Musha! Now, thin, isn't English good enough for him?"

DEFEATS MASKED ROBBERS.

Canadian Bookkeeper Frees Self From Rope and Fries.

Working himself free of the rope with which he had been bound, Clare West, a bookkeeper of the Bank of Nova Scotia, in Edmonton, Canada, reached his revolver and drove off two masked robbers who were rifling the safe one day recently.

The pair fired several shots at West as they dashed out, one bullet lodging in his arm. The robbers escaped.

Flier Incorporates Self.

Colonel E. S. Cody, erstwhile American aviator, now a full fledged Britisher, formed himself into a limited liability company recently in London with a capital of \$600,000. He is to make aeroplanes.

Tombstone Spook.

As a means of fighting the high cost of living, citizens at Unionville, O., propose raising potatoes in a cemetery.

LONG LAKE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE

Board of Directors and Officers Elected at the Annual Meeting Held in Brainerd

ANTON WEBER IS PRESIDENT

Henry M. Bouck, Secretary—Losses of \$1420 Were Paid During Year of 1912

At the annual meeting of the Long Lake Mutual Fire Insurance company held in the Citizens State Bank building the board of directors was elected as follows: C. H. Clute of Fort Ripley, A. H. Holst, George S. McCulloch of Oak Lawn, Anton Weber, Henry M. Bouck, K. J. Noshelm, P. S. Taylor of Long Lake, Nels G. Olson of Maple Grove, George Frutt of Daggett Brook.

At the meeting of the directors held immediately after the adjournment of the regular meeting, the following officers were elected: President Anton Weber, vice-president George S. McCulloch, secretary Henry M. Bouck, treasurer John A. Sandgren.

The company paid losses to the amount of \$1420 during the year. The expenses for the year were \$252.86. The balance on hand December 31, 1912 was \$849.68. The company is in excellent financial shape and able to pay a loss as soon as adjusted.

STATE AND LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Gleaned From Our Bright Exchanges and Boiled Down for the Benefit of Dispatch Readers

St. Cloud has purchased an American-LaFrance auto truck at a cost of \$3,500.

Louis Ellington has been recommended for appointment as postmaster at Crookston.

The origin of the fire that destroyed the St. Cloud opera house has been traced to a cigarette stub.

A student of the Staples school was arrested on complaint of the principal for smoking cigarettes.

Cass Lake has a man advertising for a wife, Louis Greene by name. If the color suits here is your chance.

A Wadena man raises mushrooms in his cellar for his own use and finds enough to treat his neighbors occasionally.

Two residents of Mora have been convicted of selling liquor without a license and are serving time in the Stearns county jail.

Wadena county farmers are going to interest themselves in beans if the efforts of a leading business firm there are successful.

The Baptist and Methodist churches at Park Rapids are both free from debt, the first mentioned burned their mortgage on Wednesday and the latter on the 31st.

More than \$40,000 was paid out in Hubbard county for navy beans during the past year and a company has been formed to build a warehouse for handling the product.

C. W. Miller, the local Northern Pacific agent at Wadena, will take a two months vacation during which time he will attend to his personal business and also sell automobiles.

A civil service examination will be held at Little Falls on March 1 to establish a roster of eligible persons to fill the position of fourth class postmaster, a vacancy occurring at Bowls, an office the compensation of which was \$591 last year.

Joseph H. Schwartz, recently discharged from the state reformatory where he was serving for accepting deposits after he knew the State Bank of Royalton was insolvent, will go to California and enter the mercantile business with relatives.

The Bacon Mercantile Co., of Pillager, shipped out a car load of clover seed the first of the week for which they paid the farmers of that vicinity nearly \$11,000. The average price was \$9.40 per bushel and the yield per acre averaged four bushels.

The high scores were made by Alfred Ecklund, John Ackerson, Frank Odor and Gus Franzen.

Ft. Ripley has a Produce Shippers' association, the association being formed Jan. 25. The officers elected are: President, R. Tedford; vice-president, H. Dingman; secretary, Chas. Nichols; treasurer, Chas. Johns; directors, Messrs. Odette, Johnson, Roff and Bedlow. A conference committee was appointed to act in regard to getting a site and building material to build a warehouse. H. H. Rowley, of the Central association, spoke at the meeting and urged the need of incorporation and the benefits of joining the Central association.

\$100 REWARD, \$100
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, etc.
Take Hall Family Pills for constipation.

IRON AND STEEL REVIEW
Car Builders of the Country Place Liberal Orders for Steel Bars, Plates and Billets

Car builders placed liberal orders last week for steel bars, plates and billets and some large similar contracts still are pending, but fewer orders for rolling stock were placed.

Contracts are still pending for 50,000 to 60,000 cars, half of which are likely to be placed during the current month. Orders for motive power continue unusually large. Rail contracts were light, only about 30,000 tons.

Greater activity was evident in steel workings throughout the country, the largest orders coming from manufacturing plants and commercial buildings.

Steel companies report heavy specifications with large shipments, but a smaller volume of new business.

Extremes.
"Why is Alexander so cut up?"
"Because his salary has just been cut down."—Baltimore American.

CORN SPECULATOR PATTEN FINED \$4,000

Special to Dispatch: New York, N. Y., Feb. 11—James A. Patten, corn and grain speculator pleaded guilty in the federal court here today to the sixth count of an indictment charging him with restraint of trade. Judge Mayer fined Mr. Patten \$4,000 which was paid immediately.

Sunday School Program

The Sunday school of the First Presbyterian church will celebrate their 24th anniversary on Wednesday evening, February 12th at 8 o'clock, in the church. Children and parents and friends of the school are cordially invited. Program and refreshments. Program:

Greeting Primary
Words of Welcome S. S. Supt., Mr. Haggard
Song D. J. B. Quartette
Reading Miss Ethel Nelson
Solo Mr. Kruse
Sunday school work Rev. Lowrie
Solo Mr. Wm. Anderson
Recitation Miss Fern Grimmer
Solo Merrill Anderson
Recitation Gladys Hess
Song Mrs. Hagberg's class

SHE NEVER SAW HER RELATIVES

Martha Radtke's Mother Died When She Was Born and Baby Was Sent to Owatonna

NOW STUDENT AT FARIBAULT

Locates a Married Sister in Brainerd and Will Make Her Home With Her

The St. Paul Pioneer Press under date of February 9 has an interesting story from Faribault of a Brainerd girl who has never seen her relatives. The article states:

"Martha Radtke, a student at the Minnesota school for the deaf in Faribault, has discovered a trace of relatives whom she never knew. She was the youngest of the family and her mother died when she was born. She was sent to the state public school at Owatonna to be cared for. When she was old enough she was admitted to the school for the deaf.

"The other day a gentleman visited the school and told her she had a married sister living in Brainerd and several brothers in Canada. Her sister has since written asking her to make her home with her. The girl is looking forward with much joy to meeting her relatives."

Directories of Brainerd show that Fred H. Radtke was an apprentice at the Northern Pacific railway shops in 1901 and 1902; that Annie Radtke was a cook at the Swanson hotel in 1903 and that Henry Radtke was a machinist employed in the shops in 1905. Directories from that date on make no mention of the family name.

BREAKS A COLD, NEEDS NO HELP

Pape's Cold Compound Cures Colds and Grippe in a Few Hours—Contains no Quinine

The most severe cold will be broken, and all gripe misery ended after taking a dose of Pape's Cold Compound every two hours until three consecutive doses are taken.

You will distinctly feel all the disagreeable symptoms leaving after the very first dose.

The most miserable headache, dullness, head and nose stuffed up, feverishness, sneezing, running of the nose, sore throat, mucous catarrhal discharges, soreness, stiffness, rheumatic pains and other distress vanishes.

Take this wonderful Compound as directed, with the knowledge that there is nothing else in the world, which will cure your cold or end Grippe misery as promptly and without any other assistance or bad after-effects as a 25-cent package of Pape's Cold Compound, which any druggist can supply—contains no quinine—belongs in every home—accept no substitute. Tastes nice—acts gently.—Advt.

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Extremes.
"Why is Alexander so cut up?"
"Because his salary has just been cut down."—Baltimore American.

See the Windows for Special Values in New Spring Silks—a dress pattern for only \$4.69.

See the Windows for the New Spring Tissue Gingham.

See the Windows for the New Spring Gingham.

"MICHAEL'S" We give 2¢ Stamps "MICHAEL'S"

MUSIC AND DRAMA

At the Empress
The feature at the Empress theater tonight is Charles Reade's famous story, "It is Never Too Late to Mend." This is a two reel film. This story of Reade was one of the greatest factors for prison reform in English jails. Woven into it is a master plot and counter plots giving full play to love hate and jealousy.
A. W. White sings some new songs, and altogether the Empress presents a most creditable performance, one that should not be missed.

African Hunt Pictures
Paul J. Rainey's African hunt pictures were presented at the opera house last evening and pleased theater goers who witnessed the production. Of this performance T. R. Deacon, mayor of Winnipeg, said: "It is a wonderful thing that one can sit in a comfortable theater and for all practical purposes see the wild animals in the heart of Africa exactly as they appear in their native wilds where they do not even suspect the presence of man."

No Need to Stop Work
When the doctor orders you to stop work it staggers you. I can't, you say. You know you are weak, run down and failing in health day by day, but you must work as long as you can stand. What you need is Electric Bitters to give tone, strength and vigor to your system, to prevent break down and built you up. Don't be weak, sickly or ailing when Electric Bitters will benefit you from the first dose. Thousands bless them for their glorious health and strength. Try them. Every bottle is guaranteed to satisfy. Only 50c at H. P. Dunn's.—Advt.

The Grand Canyon.
In the Grand canyon the highest sides are 6,233 feet above the stream, but they are perpendicular for only some 3,000 feet, when the gloomy chasm is often but a few hundreds of feet wide. Above that the sides slope off in a series of cliffs to the level of the surrounding country, and if the world lasts long enough and a greater rainfall should come a deep and wide valley will exist there some day. It would be folly to attempt to say when the erosion that has made the canyon first set in. It may have been as long ago as a million years. The exact time is pure guesswork.—Exchange.

In Perplexity.
"Josiah," exclaimed the anxious mother, "I wish you'd come here!"
"What's the trouble?"
"I don't know whether Gwendolyn is having a spasm or practicing one of these new dances."—Washington Star.

Wright's Confectionery
The MOST of the BEST for the LEAST Money.

A few more Princess, Rex and Paris Chocolates at 50 cents.
Our new cigar Flor de Vallens is the best on the market at 5 cents. In cedar lined cans 25 for \$1.00.

"WRIGHTS"
613 Laurel Citizens State Bank Block

HUGE BEAR INVADERS SCHOOL.
Young Woman Teacher From East Signs Job.
In a mountain school near Allen's Park, near Boulder, Colo., recently, while Miss Helen Warren, from Jamestown, N. Y., was hearing recitations, a big grizzly bear walked into the schoolroom. For several minutes the school was in an uproar. The pupils crawled under their seats, while the teacher screamed.
The bear, seemingly astonished at the commotion he had started, stared about him. Then he turned and slowly lurched from the building.
Miss Warren, used only to the ways of the east, was in such a hysterical state the next morning that she was brought to a Boulder hospital for medical treatment. She has resigned her duties as a mountain schoolteacher and will be succeeded by a man.

As Usual.
"I'm so glad to see that you have recovered from your illness."
"Yes, but I had a narrow escape. The doctor said if I had waited a day longer it would have been hopeless, and they all said it was the only case of its kind on record. The doctor is going to write it up for a medical paper. The only thing that carried me through was my wonderful vitality."—Judge.

Zurich.
The commercial center of Switzerland is Zurich, the present population of which is about 200,000.

Mothers Can Safely Buy
Dr. King's New Discovery and give it to the little ones when ailing and suffering with colds, coughs, throat or lung troubles, tastes nice, harmless, once used, always used. Mrs. Bruce Crawford, Niagara, Mo., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery changed our boy from a pale, weak, sick boy to the picture of health. Always helps. Buy it at H. P. Dunn's.—Advt.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY
WHERE TO GET WHAT YOU WANT
Consult This List Before Placing Your Order If You Want the BEST at the Lowest Prices

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Patronize the Brainerd Dispatch Business Directory. It puts new life into business and brings the customers.

Union Made Flour
Leading brands, Union Pride and Sea Foam. Highest cash price paid for wheat, rye, oats, corn and potatoes at Brainerd Flour Mill. 64

J. H. Noble
Wall Paper and Paints
We also do a general line of painting, papering, tinting, stenciling, etc. Phone 250, 716 Front St., Brainerd, Minn.

K. A. Gustafson
A full line of Groceries and Confectionery. Cigars and Tobacco. Fresh Fruit at all times. 1618 Oak Street. 1941f
Open Evenings and Sundays.

Brockway & Parker
Staple and fancy groceries, flour, feed and provisions. HEADQUARTERS FOR FRUIT. Ferndell coffee. 211 South Seventh St. Phone 71 88

Drink
CRYSTAL SPRING WATER
From Roskos' Flowing Well
Pure and Sanitary
Delivered Daily to all Part of the City
Phone 13 84

Ritari Brothers
Cement blocks, bricks, sidewalks, curbs, foundations and all kinds of cement and concrete work.
Ritari Bros., 1123 E. Norwood St. 1051mo

Business Getters
These little ads cost \$1 a month and they surely get the business. Try one. The firms using them endorse them.

Neck Yokes, Double Trees
Single trees, buggy shafts, buggy poles, reaches, at Fred Drexler, 316 South Sixth Street.

Home Bakery
For the finest baked bread, rolls, cakes and pies, see the Kooring Bakery, 5 Farrar St., N. E. Our wagon delivers all over town. Phone 478. 77

Moiilanen Groceries
Full line staple and fancy groceries, ham and bacon, fruits, canned goods, also cigars and tobacco. Butter and eggs bought. Henry Moiilanen, 1224 E. Oak St. 88

Echo Dairy
Fresh Milk, cream and butter. Retail ice cream in pints and quarts. 708 Front St. 89

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

NO ALUM, NO LIME PHOSPHATE

DISEASE CAUSE OF CRIME IS THE LATEST SCIENTIFIC BELIEF

New York Officials to Study Ailments of All Prison Inmates.

Many Cases Found Showing Physical Faults Lead to Criminal Acts.

DR. WILLIAM MARTIN RICHARDS, New York city, is convinced from observation that back of many crimes is some physical defect. He does not consider crime a disease, but he believes that disease often leads to crime, and he has persuaded Superintendent of Prisons Scott and the warden of the New York state prisons that this view is correct.

Hereafter every man or woman not under death sentence who enters Auburn, Clinton, Sing Sing and Great Meadow prisons, the Matteawan and Dannemora state hospitals, the State Farm for Women, the State Prison for Women and the bureau of identification is going to have his or her eyes, nose, ears, teeth, feet, organs and habits thoroughly examined. If anything is found the matter medical treatment will be given. Glasses are to be supplied for defective sight. The convicts are beginning to manufacture a special shoe for the flat footed among them. Men addicted to drink will be put through a cure. This sounds like merely common sense, but nevertheless it is an innovation.

Fundamental Cause.

"I believe the fundamental cause of crime," said Dr. Richards, "to be no disease, but poverty. Poor people, as a rule, do not possess a great amount of moral stamina. If physical disability comes that makes earning a living harder they are likely to drift into idleness and from idleness into crime. Every physical advantage should be given them to make honesty and industry as easy as possible.

"Take the case of a man in the Iowa state prison who was serving his third sentence for assault with intent to kill. The warden noticed a discharge from one of his ears. The man said he had had it ever since he was a child; that the pain made him irritable, furious at times, and then he was apt to break out into violent actions. His ear was treated and cured. He went into the plumbing business, and for the past four years he has behaved normally and earned \$3.50 a day. Before that he never was out of prison for more than a couple of months at a stretch.

The Better Way.

"John Clarke, a house painter, is today serving his third sentence in Sing Sing for burglary. His present term is for seven years. While sober he always has been a perfectly honest man. He drinks to excess, and as soon as he reaches a certain stage of intoxication he steals a barrel of tar and rolls it down the street until a policeman arrests him. There is nothing calculating or mean or essentially dishonest in that. It is merely a drunken freak. If an audience saw a man doing that in a musical comedy probably it would

TO TRAIN MIDDIES AS AFTER DINNER ORATORS.

Annapolis Now Has Course in Post-prandial Speechmaking.

None of the next generation of naval officers will hesitate and stammer when as a battleship's commander he is called upon to thank the delegation which has presented a silver service to the vessel which bears the name of its state or when replying to the toast "The Navy" or "Sweethearts and Wives" for the course in postprandial oratory which has been established at Annapolis by order of Superintendent Gibbons is expected to turn out a class of fluent and eloquent speakers.

It has been arranged that the first class men in each company will by turns dine separately in the smoking room of Bancroft hall and will be called upon to respond to toasts proposed by a member of the English department. Four subjects will be given in advance, but a midshipman will not know to which one he will be called upon to respond. The dinners with oratorical adjuncts will continue during the term, and it is expected that each midshipman will have at least one opportunity to show his ability as an after dinner speaker.

Jarred the New Yorker.

A traveling salesman blew into Little Rock, Ark., and going to the leading merchant, said pompously: "I'm from New York. I want to show you the newest line of—"

"Where did you say you were from?" asked the merchant, getting ready to do some "kidding." The well-headed manner of the New Yorker had ruffled him. The salesman seemed to think the fact that he was from New York was something to make rural merchants' jaws drop open. He was

laugh. In real life society finds the man guilty of larceny and puts him in prison. How much better for Clarke and the state it would have been to have given him, as soon as he entered Sing Sing for the first time, physical help to stay sober!

"William Evers, who guarded 'Murderers' row' down in the Tombs for twenty-five years—his chief guard of the workhouse on Blackwell's now—said to me once: 'I've been dealing with criminals for twenty-nine years. Probably I have seen more murderers than any man in the country, and I have never seen a criminal who did not have some physical defect, which, in my opinion, was the cause of his being where he was.'"

New Departure.

After this, however, if it is a physical defect which has led a man into a New York prison he is expected to come out a first citizen.

One of the good things the examining physicians will do is to test the convict's lungs for tuberculosis symptoms, then for malarial symptoms and for drinking habits. If he has any of these he will be given a prescribed cure.

Dr. Alexander Lampert of Bellevue hospital publishes a formula which, he says, will obliterate any craving for narcotics. Dr. Richards said that Dr. Lampert had used this formula for ten years and that he had been successful in 80 per cent of his cases.

The resident physician is instructed to find out if the convict has ever worked near lead or mercury or arsenic so that he might be poisoned by them. He is to be stripped and his skin examined; also his joints, his spine, his hips. While stripped he must walk across the floor, and the doctor looks for evidence of flat foot. Dr. Richards has found that many drift into crime from the discomfort caused by such occupations as require the continual standing positions.

The convict's eyes, nose, ears, heart and abdomen are to be examined.

One Cause of Laziness.

"Most convicts have bad teeth," reads the typewritten form now given to the resident physician of each penal institution. "Impacted teeth—i. e., one tooth coming in at right angles to another tooth—are one cause of neurasthenia and insanity, which is very common among criminals. Find out if every tooth which should be in the individual's head is accounted for. If some of them are missing take an X ray picture of the jaw and see if you can find impacted teeth imbedded in it. Extraction of these will very frequently cure your patient. Have all teeth properly cleansed, and fill all which need filling. The poisons produced by diseased teeth cause laziness."

what we western people call a "New York fool"—the one kind that's hopeless.

"Why, I'm from New York," repeated the gingery, swell up geek. "Who runs the hotel in that town?" asked the merchant in a friendly manner.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Mother's Inadequate Replies.

It is said that the average child's favorite word is still "why," which indicates that, in spite of all gloomy views, the infantile craving for knowledge has not degenerated. And the mother still makes the answer which calls for the least reflection, but this, of course, is where the need of a wider spread of maternal information is called for. The modern child looks round and sees things which it has always remembered, but which have come to the mother among the unexpected "marvels of the age." And even the most anxious and willing parent may have to think twice when the child, who wants to know, asks "why" the telephone talks, the aeroplane flies, the submarine dives, the gramophone sings, the typewriter prints and the electric kettle boils itself.—New York Tribune.

Proof Positive—Perhaps!

Two young women were exchanging confidences one afternoon as they slipped their tea. "He didn't tell me he loved me," said the younger of the two, with a happy reminiscent smile, as she toyed with her spoon. "but he kissed me." "Well," replied the other, "he must love you if he kissed you!"—London Mail.

His Retort.

Laird—Well, Sandy, you are getting very bent. Why don't you stand straight up like me, man? Sandy—Eh, mon, do you see that field o' corn over there? Laird—I do. Sandy—Weel, ye'll notice that the full holds hang down and the empty ones stand up.

BUCCANEERS PLAN INVASION OF BRAZIL WITH WARSHIPS

Chief of Counani Free State. In London Forming Big Piracy Plot.

Would Establish New Nation of Power In Treasure Land of Amazon.

BUCCANEERING with battleships is the latest form of piracy projected, so it is said by a group of revolutionists in the heart of London. They propose to equip an expedition that shall reach its goal upon armored ships and to turn a treasure land, but little known to the world, into a nationality of power and promise. This, according to the London viewpoint, is piracy up to date.

The man at the head of the enterprise is a Frenchman by birth, of the name of Adolphe Brezet, and his center of activity has been in the British capital for a number of years. As chief of the government of the Counani Free State he has been giving worthy to Brazil. Every once in a while the diplomatic agents of Brazil become especially anxious and make things unpleasant for the chief of the Counanian government by highly colored publicity. This action is usually simultaneous with a report that Brazil is about to sell some of her battleships built or building. It is a sort of feeler to make more or less sure that she can part without risk with a portion of her navy. It was reported recently that Russia wanted to buy the Brazilian Dreadnought Rio Janeiro, which is being completed in England, and this probably explains the latest news about the Counani movement.

The details of the latest proposed expedition have it that Brezet has won to his cause the support of naval and military men of the British service and that he has also prospectively recruited for service a goodly force of non-commissioned officers among the ex-amen of other European fleets, especially that of France. With this personnel and a few second rate warships a base is to be established at the mouth of the Amazon river, where strategically it will be easiest to hold the approaches against a show of force on the part of the Brazilian navy. It is said that the Counanians count upon the spirit of unrest in the Brazilian fleet and on the rumors often repeated that the officers and crews of the Brazilian battleships are quite incapable of taking their present Dreadnoughts safely out to sea or of fighting these vessels.

Baron Calls Himself John Orth.

Efforts have been made to enlist American capital and the moral support of the United States in behalf of this contested region on the north bank of the Amazon. About three years ago a special deputation or commission was sent here from London by Brezet, but the efforts of the commissioners were without results because of dissension among themselves. The head of the deputation was ill disposed to seek counsel and utterly opposed to being led. This forceful individual called himself Baron de Ott, and behind this incognito he privately proclaimed himself to be no less a personage than the long missing John Orth, once an Austrian archduke. The story of John Orth's lowly marriage in the face of the anger of the Emperor Franz Josef, his sailing away to South America and the reported wrecking of his ship with the loss of all on board has been public property for years, but in spite of this there has persisted a belief that John Orth did not die.

Baron de Ott appeared in London in 1910 and lost no time in ingratiating himself with Brezet. He gave out the impression that he had very strong official and social identifications in the United States and finally asserted that he had been a guest of Admiral Schley upon the Brooklyn at the battle of Santiago.

Upon arriving in New York the baron and his wife and suit established themselves at a hotel, and there he maintained all formalities of his professional position. He dressed in military garb and displayed his various decorations. He sought the financial support of a prosperous follower of Tammany Hall. Somehow despite his dollars this American did not quite measure up to the diplomatic exigencies of the baron's mission, and after a couple of months of fruitless efforts to win favor in other directions the baron packed away his royal stage properties and returned to London disgusted.

Imposture Is Disclosed.

Before the baron's departure for the English capital it was discovered that he had not been with Admiral Schley at Santiago, in fact had not seen Admiral Schley since 1900 at Buenos Aires. This little historical slip-up somehow discredited the other stories which the baron had told the chief of the Counanian government. As a result he was left to seek the employment of his talents elsewhere.

The nationalizing and the development of Counani is not a mere filibustering project, as it has so often been made to appear, but instead a serious determination on the part of its people to exploit its natural resources and to gain for themselves the position in the eyes of the world to which they think they are fully entitled. The government organized by the Counanians has been in force among themselves for several decades, and it has persistently prevailed against the various efforts of Brazil to establish dominance within the boundaries of this little known territory north of the Amazon river.

The purpose of Brezet is to strengthen the hold of the Counanians by enlisting foreign capital for commercial and administrative developments and not by force of arms to occupy a region within which another power is in control.

The ambitions of the Counanians are described in a diplomatic paper called red book No. 3, of which a copy is on file in the department of state at

Washington, and there is much in that little pamphlet to appeal to Americans. The territory within the contested region of Counani involves a total area of half a million square miles.

Region Known as El Dorado.

Legends have it that Counani is the ancient region known to the people of Europe as El Dorado. The monks who originally entered the region created extensive agricultural centers up to the time of their expulsion and set the natives to cultivating cacao, coffee, etc. The territory has been claimed by both France and Brazil, but has really never been occupied or actually governed by either of these claimants. It was because of this unsettled condition that the native Counanians in 1874 proclaimed their independence and established a government of their own. The first president, M. Chaton, was elected by the people. He drafted for them a constitution which bears his name. M. Chaton died in 1880. Paul Cartier succeeded to the presidency.

In 1885 a commission was dispatched to Cayenne. This deputation was composed of Counani leaders and was officially received and entertained by the governor of French Guiana. M. Cartier was succeeded in 1886 by Jules Gros, and under this executive the primitive constitution of the country was modified. During this time neither the Counanian declaration of independence nor the internal acts of authority were in any way questioned by the rival claimants. The Counanians accepted this silence as a recognition of their rights.

Jules Gros died in 1891, and the election which followed in 1892 resulted in Adolphe Brezet's being raised to the presidency. M. Brezet had lived in the Amazon district since 1876 and had won the confidence of the Indian population. In 1894 M. Brezet resigned office. His successor remained at the head of affairs for only a year. The grand council did not appoint another president, but conferred virtually those powers upon the ranking officer of the council, M. Franken.

"Mapa Incident."

This brings us down to the "Mapa Incident" of May 15, 1895, due to the discovery of the rich deposits of gold and precious stones. As a consequence of this conflict between the French and the Brazilians, the claimants decided to leave to arbitration the question of their rights. Accordingly, the protocol of April 10, 1897, was signed, and this later gave birth to the decree known under the name of the Bern arbitration. In this adjustment of the territory of Counani, the Counanians were not invited to participate, and they therefore declined to be influenced by the decree or to recognize any impairment of their independence and sovereignty over the land.

A general election was ordered in Counani in January, 1901, just one month after the decree of Bern, and on Feb. 1, 1901, Brezet was re-elected chief of the government of the free state. Agreeably to accepted custom, he adopted an Indian name and is there known as Uayana Assu.

Without going into the particulars of the subsequent history of Counani it is enough to say that the various armed expeditions have been successfully repelled by the natives of the free state, and their government of themselves for thirty-six years has been in full force and effective. The Brazilians have claimed dominance by occupancy of the territory of Aricary, but the Counanians declare that these officials have exercised no real authority and have therefore been without force or effect in adding value to the Brazilian claim of control. In opposition to this the Counanians affirm the existence of a national government, regularly established, which has been able to prevent efforts of Brazil toward occupancy of the land.

Forests Very Valuable.

The forest lands of Counani are very rich in rubber trees, ebony and mahogany, and the soil responds profusely to cultivation. The lower part of the Free State is said to be substantially one immense alluvial deposit of gold, silver, copper, nickel, chrome, iron and coal abound. A large variety of precious stones, such as diamonds, rubies, emeralds, etc., have been found.

The region is covered by a network of waterways, and a great many of these are extensively navigable. Off the mouth of the Amazon there is a large bank and there, in the warm waters of the Atlantic immense quantities of tropical cod abound.

OCEAN TO OCEAN ROAD GETS \$150,000 DONATION

Automobile Company Makes Big Gift in Pledging Support.

With a subscription totaling \$150,000 an automobile company of Toledo recently pledged its support to the ocean to ocean highway. The same pro rata levy which has governed the subscriptions of other manufacturers applies in this case, and the company expresses itself as being enthusiastically in favor of the ocean to ocean highway extending from New York to San Francisco.

Automobile manufacturers the country over are taking keen interest in the highway project at present, and it is believed that subscriptions to the fund will come in rapidly. Many manufacturers who were not among the early subscribers to the fund have always been in favor of it, but were compelled to delay definite action until after the first of the year.

DINNER IS SENT BY PARCEL POST.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Giles of Peekskill, N. Y., have introduced the first real "parcel post dinner."

They gave one in their home recently with a menu that comprised only foodstuffs prepared in distant localities and shipped by parcel post.

The out of town guests all posted the articles from their homes before starting for Peekskill to enjoy the feast. Harry White sent from Bound Brook, N. J., a large chicken and a box of honey, and Herbert Calvi sent from Virginia corn bread and cheese. From Chicago John Ramsey sent meat products. Miss May Carleton had fruit sent from Washington, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harvey shipped pastry from New York.

Hot Chicken Pie by Mail.

Packed steaming hot in a glass jar and protected by sawdust in a box, a chicken potpie was received in Fredericksburg, Pa., recently by parcel post.

The potpie had been mailed in Lebanon and was delivered in less than three hours, still hot enough to be enjoyed by its recipients.

ELDERLY PAIR WED AFTER WAITING THIRTY-FIVE YEARS

Romance of Childhood, Thwarted by Feud, Fulfilled at Last.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Sutphen, bridegroom and bride, sailed on a cruise for the West Indies recently. He is sixty-one, and his wife is fifty-three. Their marriage a few days previous followed an attachment of thirty-five years' standing.

The bride was Miss Mary Richards of Lodgepole, Neb. Mr. Sutphen's father and Miss Richards' father were neighbors in Nebraska when the young folks fell in love.

A feud started between the house of Richards and the house of Sutphen, and all communication between the adjoining ranches was broken off. The lovers were kept apart.

A short time later Alfred Sutphen went to California and then to Australia, where he took a big ranch and became a rich man. Sutphen sold out last summer and returned to Nebraska to visit his old home. He found his early sweetheart still true to him.

BABY FACTORIES FOR FUTURE

Scientist Declares It Is Possible to Create Human Life.

That it was possible to create human life by chemical means and that a baby factory was not out of the question for the distant future was asserted recently by Dr. Martin Kellog Schermerhorn of the department of philosophy in Harvard. He spoke before the Metaphysical club, in Boston. "Life is not confined to the animal and plant world," he said. "The whole universe is alive, and all that lives is conscious."

"Animals are conscious and gifted with the power of thought and imagination, even though Roosevelt, who thinks himself a great hunter, says they do not know when they are being slaughtered."

"Plants are conscious, and Ruskin and Goethe agree they are capable of exercising strategy and forethought. Even Darwin said plants were sensitive, and hence he must have believed they were conscious."

"It is obvious that the evolution from so called matter to human life is possible. The chemist of the future will labor so that men shall be made in baby factories, as chickens are hatched in incubators."

WORLD'S BIGGEST WARSHIP.

Brazil's Super-Dreadnought Rio de Janeiro Is Launched in England.

The largest and most powerful battleship afloat, the Brazilian super-dreadnought Rio de Janeiro, was launched at Elswick, England, recently. She displaces 27,500 tons and is armed with fourteen twelve-inch and twenty-six inch guns. She is designed to attain a speed of twenty-two knots an hour.

The Rio de Janeiro is the third and last of the battleships ordered by the Brazilian government in July, 1906. The first to be launched was the Minas Geraes, at Newcastle-on-Tyne, on Sept. 10, 1908. She has a displacement of 20,000 tons and carries twelve twelve-inch guns. Her sister ship, the Sao Paulo, was launched at Barrow-in-Furness on April 19, 1909.

CHEERFULNESS.

Give us, O give us, the man who sings at his work! Be his occupation what it may, he is equal to any of those who follow the same pursuit in silent sullenness. He will do more work in the same time; he will do it better; he will persevere longer. Wondrous is the strength of cheerfulness, altogether past calculating its powers of endurance. Efforts to be permanently useful must be uniformly joyous, a spirit of sunshine, grateful from very gladness, beautiful because bright.—Carlyle.

Under Medical Advice.

Irate Tailor—Now look here, Mr. Scribb, this has gone on long enough. I demand a check right now. Impetuous Author—Sorry, Sulp, old man, but my physician has ordered me to quit writing altogether for three months.—Harper's.

No one need wait for time to practice kindness.

TO EXPLORE THE STRANGEST ISLE

Easter Island Is a Land of Many Mysteries.

HAD ANCIENT CIVILIZATION.

British Museum Undertakes Venture of Learning Secrets Behind Sculptures, Idols and Inscriptions—Little Dot on the Sea Holds Great Treasures in Relics of Volcanic Origin.

Two recent events have revived interest in and promise the final solution of a mystery that has puzzled the world for 200 years, or at least since the Dutch navigator Jacob Roggeveen discovered the triangle of land known as Easter Island on Easter morning, 1722, 27 degrees and 30 minutes south of the equator, 2,000 miles from South America and 1,400 miles from the nearest land, Pitcairn island.

The two facts that may prove the keys that will unlock the secrets of Easter Island are the sailing of an expedition in an auxiliary schooner yacht fitted out by the British museum as an expedition of research and investigation in charge of W. Scoresby Routledge and some late conclusions by Professor W. E. Safford of the United States department of agriculture, botanist and ethnologist, who has traveled among the isles of the Pacific and also in South America to trace points of similarity, if they exist, between the as yet unsolved sculpture and untranslated language of this forty-two square miles of land and the monuments and peoples of Peru and Bolivia.

On this bit of territory have been erected 550 sculptured statues created upon cyclopean masonry, according to the latest bulletin of the Pan-American union; also there are stone houses, some more than 100 feet in length, with walls six feet thick, built like forts. There are tablets in a strange language, terraces on headlands, with wall toward the sea, sometimes thirty feet high and more than 200 or 300 feet long. On the land side of the terraces are large stone pedestals for the images.

Sculptured From Lava.

Most of the effigies and inscriptions are cut from rough solid lava. Forty are inside the crater of one volcano, and outside are as many more at the foot of the slope, where they were placed for removal to different platforms. Some platforms measure only three or four feet in length, while others are eighty feet in extent. The largest is in an unfinished state. It erected upon its pedestal it would stand seventy feet in height. The smallest figure is but three feet high. All are of the same grim, frozen faced type, with the head long, eyes closed under heavy brows, nose large, low bridged and very broad at the nostrils, the upper lips short and the lips putting. In most instances the head tilts backward. The lower part of the face is broad and heavy, but imperfectly formed. Ears are long and pendant. The shape generally ends at the shoulders or waist. The expression is profoundly solemn, disdainful, rudely picturing supercilious scorn.

Images Thrown Down.

One of the most remarkable features of the mystery is the fact that only one of these images stands in its original position upon a platform. All the others were thrown down.

The work of these ancients stopped suddenly. But why? For two centuries this question has remained unanswered. Was it the eruption of a volcano that did it? Some of the largest of the images are buried to the neck in ashes and fragments of lava.

The recorded writings of the race of stone alphabets is cut into wooden tablets. Their alphabet, words and sentences, significant thoughts, are expressed by pictures of men, animals and various geometrical designs.

Many Ways of Reading.

To read a page in this supposedly fascinating recorded thought, provided you had the lexicon, you must read from left to right. Then you must turn the wooden page upside down and continue to peruse from left to right. Then again must the student invert his tablet, reading as before, until the secret is finished.

Professor Safford, a man of great learning, has made the interesting discovery that the language of the less than 200 inhabitants today is essentially Polynesian and like that of Hawaii. Nearly all the words in the language spoken by the natives could, by observing certain fixed laws or changes, be converted into Hawaiian. Some of the gods have the same names as the ancient Hawaiian gods, although the islands are separated by 2,000 miles of water. Contrary to the theory of others, Professor Safford believes that the handful of present day inhabitants are the descendants of the ancient lava carvers.

Easter Island, with its buried yet visible mysteries, now belongs to Chile, which has discovered ceremonial speckers, clubs, idols of stone and hardwood with eyes of glassy volcanic rock and shell, ceremonial paddles, feature headresses and small clubs for beating the bark of paper mulberry trees for tapa cloth.

QUITS SOCIETY TO TAKE VEIL.

Third Daughter of Rear Admiral Follows Example of Others.

Miss Frances Potts, youngest daughter of Rear Admiral Robert Potts, has followed the example of her two elder sisters despite her father's pleading and forsaken society for the quiet of the cloister.

On Feb. 11 she made her final vows as a member of the Carmelite order in Baltimore, which means that her father will never see her face again in life. The nuns are pledged to silence and perpetual prayers.

The Potts sisters were very popular in Washington society, and all three are beautiful.

BOWELS BAD, LIVER TORPID? CASCARETS

If Constipated, Bilious, Headachy, Stomach Sour, Get a 10 Cent Box of Cascarets—Take One Tonight

You men and women who can't get feeling right—who have headache, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath, dizziness, can't sleep, are bilious, nervous and upset, bothered with a sick, gassy, disordered stomach, or have back-ache and feel worn out.

Are you keeping your bowels clean with Cascarets, or merely forcing a passageway every few days with salts, cathartic pills or castor oil? This is important.

Cascarets work while you sleep; cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour, undigested and fermenting food and foul gases; take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poison in the intestines and bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will straighten you out by morning—a 10-cent box from any drug store will keep your stomach sweet; liver and bowels regular and head clear for months. Don't forget the children. They love Cascarets because they taste good—do good—never gripe or sicken.—Advt.

MILES & GORDON

Power Vacuum Cleaning

Leave orders at

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HELP For The Housewife

BLACK SILK STOVE POLISH

"A Shine In Every Drop"

HOME MADE SAUSAGES of all kinds
SPRING CHICKENS, SPRING LAMB
We Pay Highest Cash Prices to Farmers
JACOB KAUFF MEAT MARKET
Pearce Block

IT'S A FAIR EXCHANGE

when you pay over your good money for our coal.

You are sure of getting your money's worth of real heat warmth and comfort.

OUR RELIABLE COAL

is the best for cooking burns up quickly and brightly, is easily regulated and lasts. Try a ton and see how economical and satisfactory it is.

EVERETT & HITCH

WANTS

Notices under this head will be charged for at the rate of one cent a word for the first insertion and one half a cent a word for each subsequent insertion, strictly cash in advance, but no ad will be taken for less than fifteen cents.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Kitchen girl at the Spalding cafe. 201tf

WANTED—High school girl to work for room and board. Apply 622 No. 6th St. Phone 190. 204-t6

—D—Houses to rent. Krekelberg & McCarthy, insurance and real estate agency, Suite 6, Wise block. 196tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Four room flat, bath room in connection. Lagerquist block. 186tf

FOR SALE

USED AUTO—Albert Angel. 115tf